Puppy (color, sex)	litter	date	
Labby (color, sex)			

Developed by Jack and Wendy Volhard Lay Fully This score sheet has bee Dog Training For Dummi which contains the and the contains the analysis of the contains the analysis of the analysis o	© Wendy Volhard 2003 PY APTITUDE TI n prepared for the convenie es by Jack & Wendy Volh	1/3 EST ence of those who have ard (IDG Books, 2001),
which contains the and the contains the contains the contains the puppy (color, sex)	e information necessary for correct interpretation of the © Wendy Volhard 2003 litter	accurate results scores date
TEST	PURPOSE	SCORE #
SOCIAL ATTRACTION Place puppy in test area about four feet for tester. Tester kneels, leans backwards and the pup to her/him by clapping hands ge	Degree of social attraction to peop confidence, or dependence.	Came readily, tail up.
FOLLOWING The tester stands up and slowly walks avencouraging the puppy to follow. Make sees you walk away. Coax puppy to follo to it and attracting its attention.	ure the pup	Followed readily, tail up, got underfoot, bit at feet. Followed readily, tail up, got underfoot. Followed readily, tail up Followed readily, tail down. Followed hesitantly, tail down. Did not follow or went away.
RESTRAINT The tester crouches down and gently roll its back and holds it down with light presone hand for 30 seconds.		ricy, flalled. Settled, struggled, settled with some eye contact. Ve. Struggled then settled. 4 No struggle, no eye contact. No struggle, straining to avoid eye contact.
SOCIAL DOMINANCE Puppy sits or stands on crouching tester and tester gently strokes it from the hea Continue stroking until a recognizable be established.	s left side social dominance person.	Squirmed, licked at 4

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ELEVATION DOMINANCE The tester cradles the pup under its chest, with both hands, fingers interlaced, palms up and gently lifts it two feet off the ground, and holds it there for 30 seconds.	Degree of accepting dominance while in position of no control.	Struggled fiercely, tried to bite. Struggled fiercely. Struggled, settled, struggled, settled. No struggle, relaxed. No struggle, body stiff. No struggle, froze.	1 2 3 4 5 6
	Degree of willingness to do something for you, Together with social attraction and following, a key indicator for ease	Chased object, picked it up and ran away. Chased object, stood over it, and did not return. Chased object, picked it up and returned with it to tester. Chased object and returned without it to tester. Started to chase object, lost interest. Did not chase object.	2
TOUCH SENSITIVITY The tester locates the webbing of one of the puppy's front paws and presses it lightly between his index finger and thumb. The tester gradually increases pressure while counting to 10 and stops the pressure when the puppy pulls away or shows discomfort. * Do not use your fingernail when performing this test. Press between the finger and thumb lightly then more firmly until you get a response.	Degree of sensitivity to to touch and a key	8-10 counts before response. 6-7 counts before response. 5-6 counts before response. 2-4 counts before response. 2-3 counts before response.	1 2 3 4 5
The puppy is placed in the center of the testing area and an assistant stationed at the perimeter makes a sharp noise, such as banging a metal spoon on the	Degree of sensitivity to sound. (Also a rudimentary test for deafness.) Prey Drive.	Listened, located sound, walked toward it barking. Listened, located sound, barked. Listened, located sound, showed curiosity and walked toward sound. Listened, located the sound. Cringed, backed off, hid. Ignored sound, showed no curiosity.	1 2 3 4 5



		Looked, attacked and bit.	
SIGHT SENSITIVITY	moving object, such as chasing bicycles, children or squirrels.	Looked, barked and tall up.	2
The puppy is placed in the center of the testing area. The tester ties a string around a bath towel and jerks it across the floor two feet away from puppy.		Looked curiously, attempted to investigate.	3
gerks it across the ricor two reet away from puppy. Why had w	Prey Drive.	Looked, barked, tail- tuck.	4
May the		Ran away, hid.	5
	Degree of startle response to a strange object.	Looked and ran to the umbrella, mouthing or biting it.	1
STABILITY		Looked and walked to the umbrella, smelling it cautiously.	2
An umbrella is opened about five feet from the puppy and gently placed on the ground.		Looked and went to investigate.	3
	Fight and Flight Drive.	Sat and looked, but did not move toward the umbrella.	4
		Ran away from the umbrella.	5
		Showed no interest.	6
STRUCTURE		The puppy is correct in structure.	good
The puppy is gently set and held in a natural stance and evaluated for structure in the following categories:	Degree of structural	The puppy has a slight fault or deviation.	fair
Straight front	soundness.	nault or deviation.	
Straight rear	Good structure is		
Shoulder lay back	necessary.		
Front angulation		The puppy has an	
Croup angulation		extreme fault or	poor
Rear angulation		deviation.	
(see diagram below)			

(First published in the AKC Gazette, March 1979, in an article by Melissa Bartlett.)







Straight rear



Shou**ld**er layback



Front angulation



Croup angulation



Rear angulation